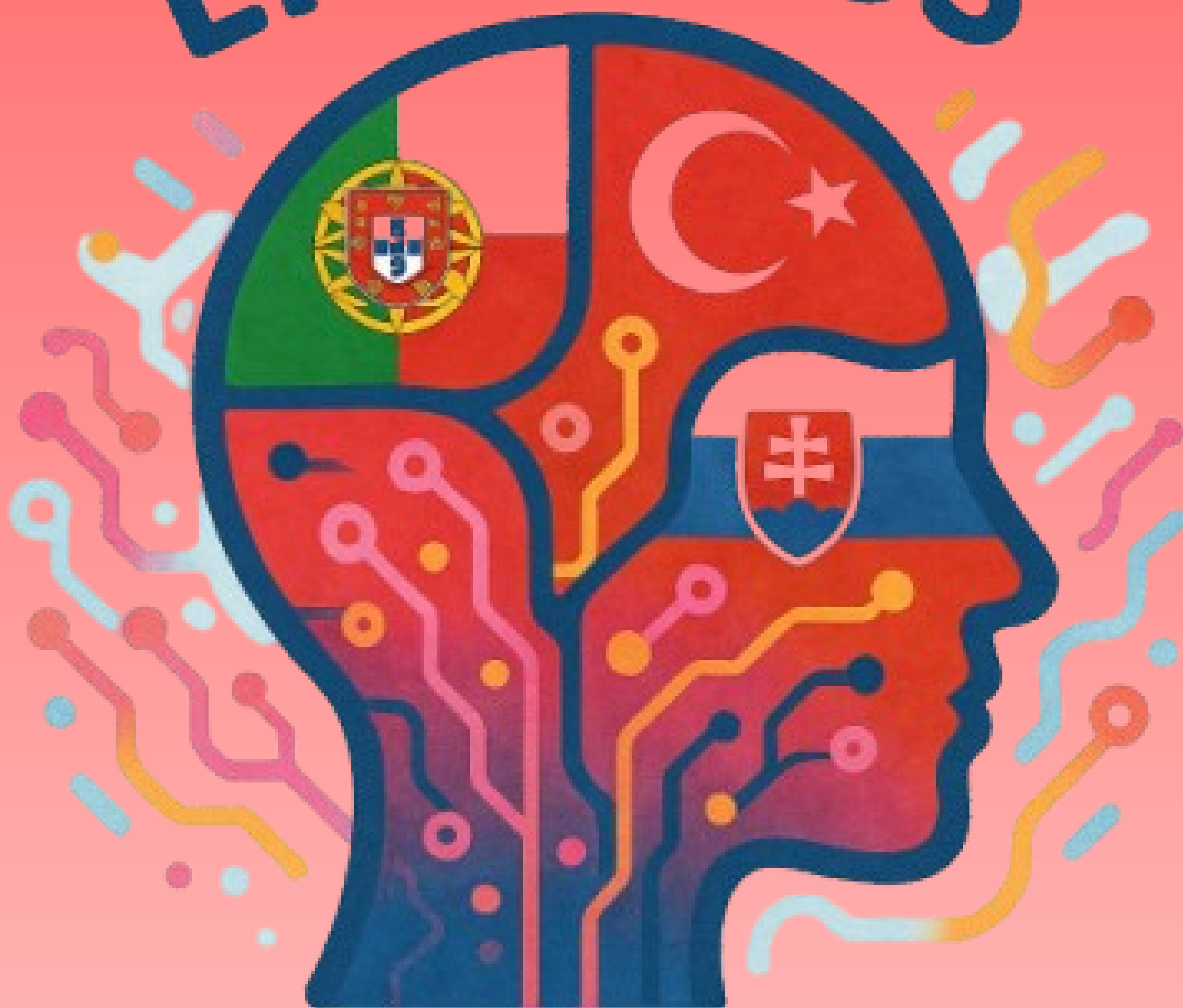
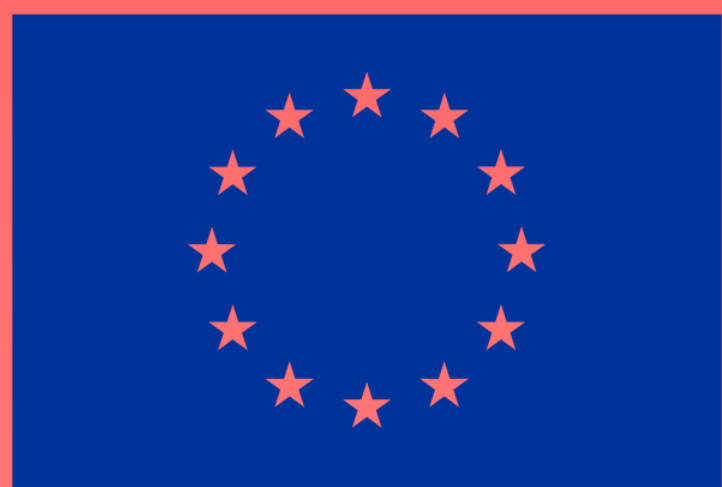


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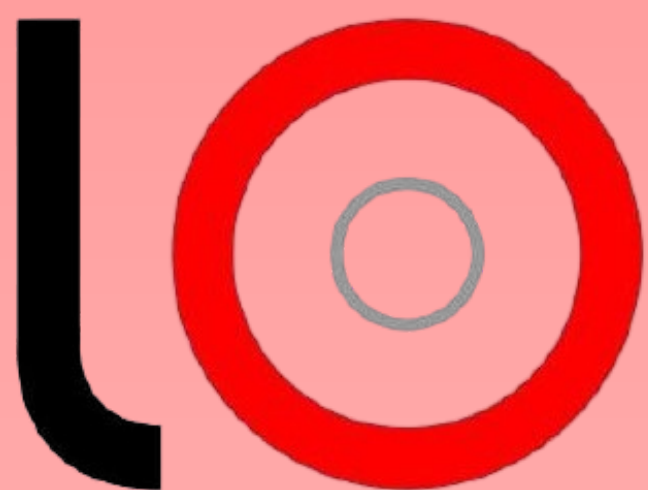
THE USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN FORMAL EDUCATION



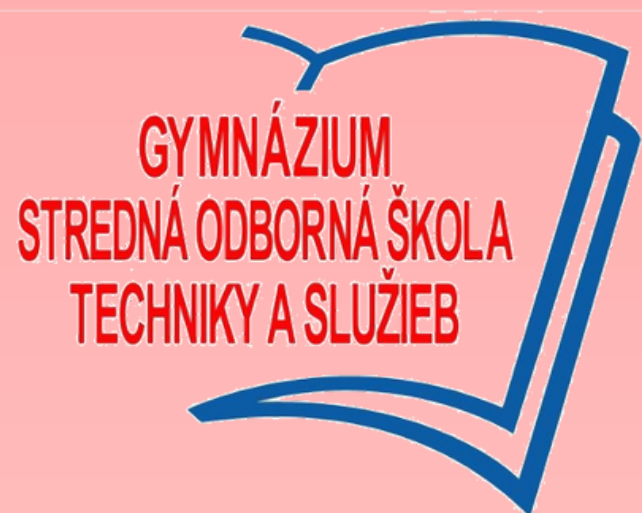
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The use of AI in languages

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CÜMLE TÜRLERİ (SENTENCE TYPES IN TURKISH)

Warm-Up (5 minutes)

Teacher writes three sentences on the board: AI Discovery Activity (10 minutes) Gamified Practice (10 minutes) Reflection & Exit Ticket

OBJECTIVES:

By the end of the lesson, students will:
Identify simple, compound, and complex sentences.
Distinguish sentence types based on structure.
Create their own examples correctly.
Use AI tools critically to analyze sentence structures.

TARGET GROUP:

14–17 years

TIME AND SPACE:

40 minutes
Beykoz Art and Science
Center – Innovation Lab

METHODS:

- Direct Instruction
- Brief and clear explanation of sentence types with examples.
- Question-Answer (Socratic Method)
- Guiding students to notice structural differences between sentences.
- Collaborative Learning
- Pair work during AI activity to classify and analyze sentences.
- Discovery Learning
- Students explore patterns by examining AI-generated sentences.
- Gamification
- Interactive quiz using Kahoot! to reinforce learning.
- Technology-Integrated Learning
- Using ChatGPT as a support tool for generating and evaluating examples.
- Formative Assessment
- Exit ticket and in-class feedback to monitor understanding.

TOOLS:

Smart board
Tablets/computers
Worksheets
Internet access

AI TOOLS:

ChatGPT (sentence generation & analysis)
Kahoot! (interactive quiz)

Warm-Up (10 minutes)

Write on the board:

“Bugün hava çok güzel.”

The weather is very nice today.

“Okula gittin mi?”

Did you go to school?

“Kapıyı kapat!”

Close the door!

Ask:

What is different about these sentences?

Are they all used for the same purpose?

Lead to:

Different sentence types based on meaning

Teaching (25 minutes)

1. According to Meaning (Anlamına Göre)

a) Düz Cümle (Statement)

Gives information

Example:

“Ali okula gitti.”

Ali went to school.

b) Soru Cümlesi (Question)

Asks something

Example:

“Ali okula gitti mi?”

Did Ali go to school?

c) Emir Cümlesi (Command)

Gives an order

Example:

“Kapıyı kapat.”

Close the door.

d) Ünlem Cümlesi (Exclamation)

Expresses strong emotion

Example:

“Ne güzel bir gün!”

What a beautiful day!

2. According to Predicate Type (Yüklemine Göre)

a) Fiil Cümlesi (Verb Sentence)

Predicate is a verb

Example:

“Ali kitap okuyor.”

Ali is reading a book.

b) İsim Cümlesi (Noun Sentence)

Predicate is a noun or adjective

Example:

“Ali çok çalışkan.”

Ali is very hardworking.

3. According to Structure (Yapısına Göre)

a) Basit Cümle (Simple Sentence)

One clause

Example:

“Ali okula gitti.”

Ali went to school.

b) Birleşik Cümle (Complex Sentence)

More than one clause

Example:

“Ali okula gidince beni aradı.”

When Ali went to school, he called me.

c) Sıralı Cümle (Compound Sentence)

Two sentences connected

Example:

“Ali geldi ve oturdu.”

Ali came and sat down.

Guided Practice (15 minutes)

Identify the type:

“Yarın sinemaya gideceğiz.”

Type (meaning): _____

“Beni aradın mı?”

Type (meaning): _____

“Ne harika bir film!”

Type (meaning): _____

“Ali yemek yedi.”

Type (structure): _____

Answers:

Statement

Question

Exclamation

Simple sentence

Practice Activity (15 minutes)

Match Turkish with English & identify type:

“Kapıyı aç!”

Type: _____

“Hava çok soğuk.”

Type: _____

“Okula gidiyor musun?”

Type: _____

Production Task (10 minutes)

Students write:

One question sentence

One command sentence

One complex sentence

Reflection (5 minutes)

Ask:

Which type is easiest?

Which type is most used in daily life?

Assessment Criteria

Correct classification

Accurate sentence formation

Participation

Teacher Tips

Use intonation practice for questions and exclamations

Compare with English structure

Use real-life examples

Optional Homework

Write 6 sentences:

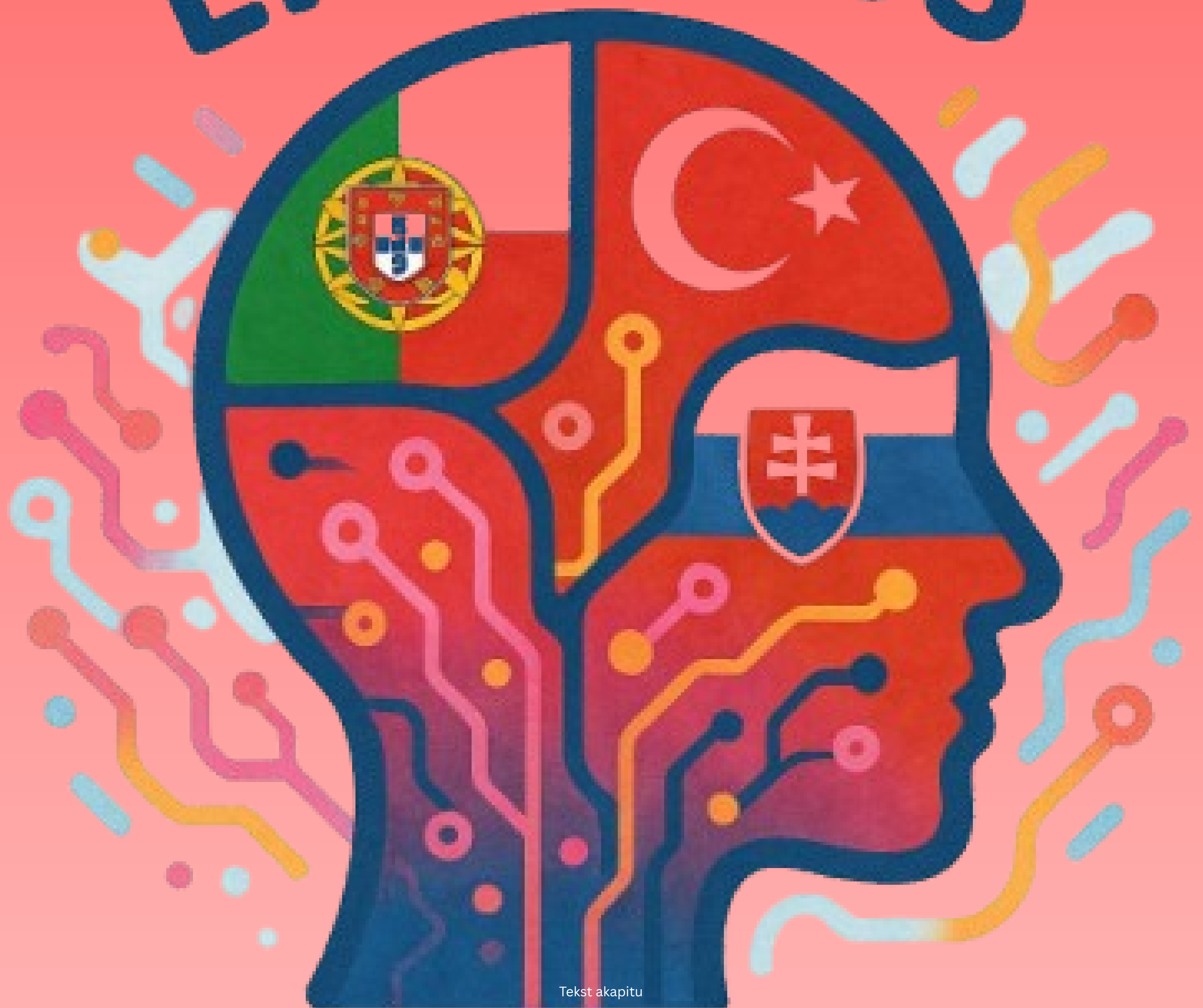
2 statements

2 questions

1 command

1 exclamation

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Tekst akapitu

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